A GUIDE TO UNDERSTANDING THE TREATMENT PATH FOR CERTAIN TYPES OF LARGE B-CELL LYMPHOMA

Review this guide with your oncologist for help discussing your treatment options and when YESCARTA® CAR T-cell therapy may be an option for you.

YESCARTA is a treatment for your large B-cell lymphoma, a type of non-Hodgkin lymphoma. It is used when at least two other kinds of treatment have failed to control your cancer. YESCARTA is different than other cancer medicines because it is made from your own white blood cells, which have been modified to recognize and attack your lymphoma cells.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout this brochure.
YESCARTA® CAR T-CELL THERAPY MAY BE AN OPTION IF TWO OTHER TREATMENTS FAIL

The treatment that’s right for you can depend on the type of large b-cell lymphoma you have, the number of different treatments you have tried so far, your overall health, and your personal preferences. In some cases, you may need multiple lines and types of therapy. It’s important to know that there are different treatment paths for large b-cell lymphoma and even if your cancer requires more than an initial treatment, you have options.

**FIRST-LINE TREATMENTS**
The first treatment recommended based on the type of cancer you have

**First-line treatment options**
- Up to 6 cycles of R-CHOP, a chemoimmunotherapy combination, with or without radiation therapy
- Supportive care to address any side effects or health issues that arise during the course of treatment

**Screen for results**
Once you’ve completed treatment, a PET/CT scan will help determine your next steps

**Cancer is in remission**
- Signs and symptoms of cancer appear to be gone. This does not always mean the cancer has been cured
- Routine follow-up care with your healthcare team

**Cancer resists or returns**
- Your cancer does not respond to therapy or returns after a period of improvement, also referred to as treatment failure
- Your healthcare team will consider second-line treatments

**IF YOUR FIRST TREATMENT FAILS, YOU HAVE OTHER OPTIONS**
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**IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION**

**What is the most important information I should know about YESCARTA?**
YESCARTA may cause side effects that are life-threatening and can lead to death. Call or see your healthcare provider or get emergency help right away if you get any of the following:

- Fever (100.4°F/38°C or higher)
- Difficulty breathing
- Chills or shaking chills
- Confusion
- Dizziness or lightheadedness
- Severe nausea, vomiting, or diarrhea
- Fast or irregular heartbeat
- Severe fatigue or weakness

It is important to tell your healthcare provider that you received YESCARTA and to show them your YESCARTA Patient Wallet Card. Your healthcare provider may give you other medicines to treat your side effects.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout this brochure.
SECOND-LINE TREATMENTS

One, or a combination, of these treatments are considered if your cancer persists or returns after first-line treatments

Second-line treatment options

• Additional lines of chemotherapy, with or without rituximab
• High-dose radiation
• Stem-cell transplant with high-dose chemotherapy
• Clinical trial
• Supportive care

Some of these options may only be available at specialized cancer hospitals, so it may be an important time to seek out an oncologist there to discuss options

Screen for results

Cancer is in remission

• Signs and symptoms of cancer appear to be gone. This does not always mean the cancer has been cured
• Routine follow-up care with your healthcare team

Cancer resists or returns

• Your cancer does not respond to therapy or returns after a period of improvement
• Your healthcare team will consider third-line treatments

YESCARTA® MAY BE AN OPTION AT THIS TIME

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THIRD-LINE TREATMENTS

Third-line treatments are typically considered if your cancer has persisted or returned after 2 lines of treatment.

Third-line treatment options
- CAR T-cell therapy
- Clinical trial
- Supportive care
- Alternate second-line treatments, such as chemotherapy with or without rituximab and radiation
- A combination of chemotherapy and other immunotherapy

IF YOUR CANCER HAS RETURNED OR RESISTED TREATMENTS, ASK YOUR ONCOLOGIST IF YESCARTA® MAY BE AN OPTION

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION, CONTINUED

Before getting YESCARTA, tell your healthcare provider about all your medical problems, including if you have or have had:

- Neurologic problems (such as seizures, stroke, or memory loss)
- Lung or breathing problems
- Heart problems
- Liver problems
- Kidney problems
- A recent or active infection

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medications you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout this brochure.
QUESTIONS FOR YOUR HEALTHCARE TEAM

Your healthcare team wants you to feel informed and comfortable with your treatment plan and will be happy to discuss any questions or concerns you may have. Share these questions to gain a better understanding of your cancer and your treatment options.

Q: What treatments (if any) have I received so far?
A:

Q: What treatments do you recommend for me and why?
A:

Q: Which of my therapy options are approved by the FDA?
A:

Q: Am I eligible to receive YESCARTA® CAR T-cell therapy?
A:

Don’t give up when treatments fail—my story proves it.

– Gary, treated with YESCARTA in May 2018.
Not all patients will experience the same results and side effects may vary. Featured patients and caregivers are sponsored by Kite.
Q: How does CAR T-cell therapy work with my immune system?

A: Your immune system has different types of white blood cells, all working together to keep you healthy. One type of white blood cell, called the T cell, has the very important job of finding and destroying things that can harm your body like infection or cancer. In some cases, however, your T cells aren’t able to recognize your cancer cells. CAR T-cell therapy helps your T cells do the job they were meant to do by improving their ability to recognize and destroy cancer cells.

Q: What are the benefits and risks associated with CAR T-cell therapy?

A: _____________________________________________________________

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Q: How long does the CAR T-cell therapy process take and what does it involve?

A: _____________________________________________________________

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IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION, CONTINUED

What should I avoid after receiving YESCARTA®?

• Do not drive, operate heavy machinery, or do other dangerous things for 8 weeks after you get YESCARTA because the treatment can cause sleepiness, confusion, weakness, and temporary memory and coordination problems.

• Do not donate blood, organs, tissues, or cells for transplantation.

Please see additional Important Safety Information throughout this brochure.
Q: Where can I receive YESCARTA®?

A: Because YESCARTA is different than other types of cancer treatments, it is administered at Authorized Treatment Centers. These treatment centers are specialized cancer hospitals with medical staff thoroughly trained and equipped to provide CAR T-cell therapy.

There are 100+ Authorized Treatment Centers throughout the US. To find a location near you, visit YESCARTA.com.

Q: Is YESCARTA treatment covered by insurance?

A: Use this area to write down any additional questions you’d like to discuss with your healthcare team.

After my large b-cell lymphoma resisted other treatments, YESCARTA gave me hope.

– Humberto, treated with YESCARTA in August 2018.

Not all patients will experience the same results and side effects may vary. Featured patients and caregivers are sponsored by Kite.
TREATMENT TERMS TO KNOW

Below is a list of medical terms that you may hear when talking to your healthcare team about your treatment options and progress.

FIRST-LINE TREATMENT
The first treatment recommended for your type of cancer. This treatment is usually what has worked best for people with the same type of cancer as you.

SECOND-LINE TREATMENT
Treatment that is given when your first-line treatment fails to work or stops working.

THIRD-LINE TREATMENT
Treatment that is given when both first- and second-line treatments fail to work or stop working.

COMPLETE REMISSION
The disappearance of all signs of cancer in response to treatment. This does not always mean the cancer has been cured.

PARTIAL REMISSION
A decrease in the size of a tumor, or in the extent of cancer in the body, in response to treatment.

RELAPSE
When your cancer returns after a period of improvement.

REFRACTORY
Cancer that does not improve with treatment.

Clinical trials study the effectiveness and side effects of potential treatments. Treatments are available to people participating in clinical trials before they are approved by the FDA. After a treatment is approved by the FDA, it becomes available to the public.

STEM CELL TRANSPLANT
A procedure that replaces cells that have been damaged due to cancer, or cancer treatments, with healthy stem cells. These stem cells are taken either from your own bone marrow or a donor's, then put back into your body after you receive chemotherapy. They form new, healthy bone marrow and blood cells.

A stem cell transplant is an option if your cancer has responded well to second-line chemotherapy. Before receiving a stem cell transplant, you receive a high dose of chemotherapy in order to destroy as many cancer cells as possible. Depending on your overall health, a stem cell transplant may not be an option. In this case, you may still be eligible to receive CAR T-cell therapy.

IMMUNOTHERAPY
A type of therapy that stimulates the immune system to improve your body's ability to find and destroy cancer cells.

CAR T-CELL THERAPY
CAR T-cell therapy is a form of immunotherapy that empowers your immune system to fight your cancer. CAR stands for Chimeric Antigen Receptor, a special connector that is added to the surface of your T cells to help them recognize and destroy cancer cells.

CAR T-cell therapy may be an option if your first- and second-line treatments have failed to eliminate your cancer, or if your cancer has returned after these treatments. CAR T-cell therapy may also be an option for you if you are not eligible to receive a stem cell transplant.

SUPPORTIVE CARE
During each phase of cancer treatment, you may receive care focused on improving your comfort and quality of life instead of curing your cancer. Supportive care helps with symptoms and side effects that you may experience due to your cancer or cancer treatments, including low levels of red blood cells (anemia) or white blood cells, which can lower your ability to fight off infections.
How will I receive Yescarta?

• Since Yescarta is made from your own white blood cells, your blood will be collected by a process called “leukapheresis” (loo-kah-fur-ee-sis), which will concentrate your white blood cells.

• Your blood cells will be sent to a manufacturing center to make your Yescarta.

• Before you get Yescarta, you will get 3 days of chemotherapy to prepare your body.

• When your Yescarta is ready, your healthcare provider will give it to you through a catheter placed into your vein (intravenous infusion). The infusion usually takes less than 30 minutes.

• You will be monitored where you received your treatment daily for at least 7 days after the infusion.

• You should plan to stay close to the location where you received your treatment for at least 4 weeks after getting Yescarta. Your healthcare provider will help you with any side effects that may occur.

• You may be hospitalized for side effects and your healthcare provider will discharge you if your side effects are under control, and it is safe for you to leave the hospital.

• Your healthcare provider will want to do blood tests to follow your progress. It is important that you do have your blood tested. If you miss an appointment, call your healthcare provider as soon as possible to reschedule.

What are the possible or reasonably likely side effects of Yescarta?

The most common side effects of Yescarta include:

• Fever (100.4°F/38°C or higher)

• Low white blood cells (can occur with a fever)

• Low red blood cells

• Low blood pressure (dizziness or lightheadedness, headache, feeling tired, short of breath)

• Fast heartbeat

• Confusion

• Difficulty speaking or slurred speech

• Nausea

• Diarrhea

These are not all the possible side effects of Yescarta. Call your healthcare provider about any side effects that concern you. You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit www.fda.gov/medwatch or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

Please see the Important Facts about Yescarta, including Important Warnings.
DISCUSS YOUR OPTIONS

TALK TO AN ONCOLOGIST WITH YESCARTA® EXPERIENCE TODAY

Oncologists at Authorized Treatment Centers have the most experience with CAR T-cell therapy and will be your best option for discussing YESCARTA. Contact an Authorized Treatment Center to find an oncologist who can help determine if YESCARTA is an option for you.

THERE ARE 2 WAYS TO FIND AN ONCOLOGIST WITH YESCARTA EXPERIENCE:

1. Visit YESCARTA.com to search for an Authorized Treatment Center near you.
2. Call the Kite Konnect support team to be directed to an Authorized Treatment Center. Kite Konnect can also provide information about support resources that may be available to you.

Call 1-844-454-KITE (5483), Monday–Friday, 5 AM–6 PM PT

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